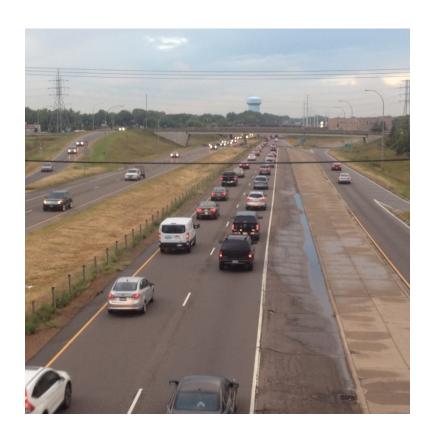
Travel Demand Management Policy for the City of Brooklyn Center

September 23, 2015



INTRODUCTION

During the better part of the past 50 years, road building has focused on moving as many cars as possible as quickly as possible. Following the oil and energy crises in the 1970's, both the 1980's and the 1990's had relatively low and stable oil prices; this contributed to significant increases in motor vehicle travel. These increases are directly related to people choosing to travel by car more often and for greater distances and indirectly because cities developed tracts of suburban housing, distant from destinations and from workplaces. As motor vehicle travel increased rapidly, so too did the ratio of single-occupant commuter trips. To reduce the number of these trips and to save energy, improve air quality, and reduce peak period congestion, better options than single-occupant commuter travel needed to be provided.

Travel demand management is an application of strategies and policies to reduce travel demand, or to redistribute this demand in space, time or to more efficient modes. A travel demand management approach to transportation also has the potential to deliver better environmental outcomes, improved public health, stronger neighborhoods, and a more prosperous and livable Brooklyn Center.

Recognition of the need for travel demand management has grown with recent trends, including:

- Transportation options are increasing, causing people to move to other modes of transportation beside the single occupant motor vehicle.
- The World Health Organization states: Increases in motor vehicle travel are linked to a range of health problems, including poor urban air quality, road injuries and fatalities, and reduced physical activity.
- Motor vehicle travel in the United States is declining with potentially far-reaching economic and social impacts. Countries and cities where the car is one of many travel choices are more likely to prosper, as people can choose to drive less but are still able to travel by transit, bike, foot or other mode, or choose to work or study from home.
- A growing sustainable transport movement is mobilizing public demand for investment in safer, more livable cities with a greater range of travel choices.

As a component of travel demand management in reducing single-occupant-vehicle trips, travel demand management planning can encourage the integration of physical activity into daily routines through activities such as biking, walking and/or taking transit. Such activities promote active living which has the following benefits:

- Improves physical and mental health
- Decreases risk of chronic disease
- Reduces medical costs associated with chronic disease
- Reduces transportation costs
- Reduces pollution and improves air quality
- Builds safer, stronger communities
- Increases quality of life

The City of Brooklyn Center is a member of Active Living Hennepin County (ALHC), a partnership of cities, businesses, state and local agencies, and the county. The goals of ALHC members are: increase opportunities for active living through policy change, infrastructure planning, marketing and communications, mentoring new and potential organizations, and education. The funding provided by ALHC through the Statewide Health Improvement Program was instrumental in the development of this policy, which was considered and adopted by the Brooklyn Center City Council by resolution on September 28, 2015.

BACKGROUND

Benefits

The benefits to adopting and implementing a travel management demand policy include those that are measurable and immeasurable. Those benefits include a program that:

- <u>Supports an efficient transportation system.</u> An integrated transportation system increases overall capacity and reduces congestion.
- Improves transportation equity. Not everyone uses a personal vehicle 40 percent of
 Minnesotans do not drive because they are too young, have age-related health problems,
 cannot afford a car, have a disability or choose not to drive (Minnesota Complete Streets
 Coalition, Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota). It is important to provide transportation
 options everyone.
- Improves public health and fitness. As reliance on the personal vehicle has increased, so has the rate of obesity. Currently, more than 60 percent of Minnesotans are overweight, which, if left unchecked will result in \$3.7 billion additional health care costs by 2020 (Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota and the Minnesota Department of Health). By providing residents and workers with options to bike and walk, more may be willing to do so, helping to reduce health care costs and obesity rates.
- <u>Lessens oil dependence</u>. Alternative transportation options include those which are more energy efficient.
- <u>Improves environmental health</u>. Reducing motor vehicle use diminishes noise impacts and emissions that negatively impact air and water quality.

POLICY

This Travel Demand Management Policy includes the triggers to determine when a Travel Demand Management Plan (TDMP) is required, specific plan requirements and templates, and administration and compliance guidance as follows:

Travel Demand Management Plan Triggers

Recognizing that development size and land use type directly affect traffic generation, the City has two levels of travel demand management applicability- Tier 1 and Tier 2. Tier 1 TDMPs apply to larger developments and Tier 2 TDMPs apply to smaller developments, defined as follows.

- (1) A Tier 1 TDMP is required for all new development and/or redevelopment consisting of:
 - (A) New developments where the City Code requires the provision of more than 200 motor vehicle parking spaces attributable to office, institutional, industrial, and warehouse uses; or
 - (B) Redevelopments and/or additions to existing non-residential developments that result in a 25 percent or greater increase in motor vehicle parking area attributable to office, institutional, industrial, and warehouse uses, and the total amount of required parking attributable to office, institution, industrial, and warehouse uses is 200 or more spaces; or
 - (C) Other development as requested by City Engineer, Planning Department, Planning Commission or City Council.
- (2) A Tier 2 TDMP is required before commencing the construction or major alteration of a structure, except one and two family dwellings and buildings accessory thereto, in accordance to Section 35-230 of the City Code, provided a Tier 1 TDMP is not required.

The following uses may be considered exempt from Tier 1 and Tier 2 TDMP requirements unless special transportation circumstances, impacts or benefits are expected:

- Parks and recreational facilities
- Institutional uses that are not customarily in operation between the peak weekday traffic period (6:30 to 9:00 AM and 3:00 to -6:00 PM)
- Retail
- Construction or alterations the City Engineer, Planning Department, Planning Commission or City Council deems to not require a Tier 1 or Tier 2 TDMP.

TDMP Requirements

- (1) Tier 1 TDMP consists of a study, plan, agreement and annual report as follows (see Appendix A for Tier 1 TDMP template):
 - (A) A TDMP study must be prepared by a qualified traffic professional that includes:
 - (i) A description of the projected transportation and parking impacts of the development at full site development, forecasts of single occupant vehicle trips generated and the likely timing of those trips, and anticipated parking demand. The TDMP study must be conducted in accordance with accepted methodology approved by the City Engineer.
 - (B) A TDMP prepared by the applicant that includes:
 - (i) Description of the TDMP goals, including peak hour single occupant vehicle trip reduction goals; and
 - (ii) Description of TDMP strategies, implementation measures and anticipated single occupant vehicle trip reduction associated with each strategy. Suggested TDMP measures include but are not limited to: onsite transit facilities, preferential location of car and van pool parking, telecommuting, onsite bicycle and pedestrian facilities and applicant or employer subsidized transit passes; and
 - (iii) Description of evaluation measures and process used to determine the effectiveness of the TDMP strategies used and progress toward achieving the single occupant vehicle trip

- reduction goals; and
- (iv) Proposed total expenditures to implement the TDMP strategies for at least three years following the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy; and
- (v) The TDMP must be prepared in format specified in Appendix A of this policy maintained by the City Engineer.
- (C) A TDMP agreement prepared by the City Attorney's office, executed by the property owner and the City, and filed by the property owner with the records for that property in the Registrar of Titles' or Recorder's Office of Hennepin County with proof thereof presented to the Issuing Authority prior to issuance of a building permit or certification of occupancy;
- (D) A TDMP Annual Status Report must be provided annually in the format specified in Appendix C of this policy maintained by the City Engineer, or otherwise approved by the City Engineer, hereinafter referred to as the "TDMP Annual Status Report".
- (2) Tier 2 TDMP consist of a plan as follows (see Appendix B for Tier 2 TDMP template):
 - (A) A plan describing the TDMP strategies the property owner agrees to implement to reduce peak single occupant vehicle trip generation. The TDMP must be prepared in the format specified in Appendix B of this policy maintained by the City Engineer.

Administration

The City Engineer will administer Tier 1 and Tier 2 TDMP, including, but not limited to:

- A) Review and approval of TDMP;
- B) Maintenance of files for approved TDMP;
- C) Monitoring progress toward implementation of TDMP strategies and evaluating success of efforts to achieve TDMP goals;

Compliance

Tier 1 TDMP property owner or its successors and assignees must demonstrate a good faith effort to implement strategies described in an approved Tier 1 TDMP by submitting a TDMP Annual Status Report on March 1 and every year following. The City Engineer will review the TDMP Annual Status Report, within 30 days of receipt, to determine if a good faith effort has been made to implement the strategies described in an approved Tier 1 TDMP or have otherwise achieved the approved TDMP goals. The TDMP Annual Status Report included in Appendix C must be used and must include at least the following:

- A) Results of the survey questions included in the TDMP Annual Status Report to determine the effectiveness and participation in TDMP strategies; and
- B) Documentation of annual expenditures made to implement TDM strategies; and
- C) Documentation of the implementation of TDMP strategies listed in the approved Tier 1 TDMP and an evaluation of the success of each strategy based on the survey results: a property owner may use other verifiable method of measurement such as a follow-up traffic study, if approved by the City Engineer.

The following guidelines will be used to evaluate Tier 1 TDMP Annual Status Reports for compliance:

A) Failure to develop and/or submit on time a complete TDMP program; or

- B) Failure to implement an approved TDMP program, unless the program elements that are carried out can be shown through quantifiable evidence to meet or exceed goals as specified in this policy; or
- C) Submission of late or false data in response to survey requirements; or
- D) Failure to make a good faith effort, as defined in this chapter.

Noncompliance will result in a \$250 fee per month (or other amount) as agreed and incorporated into the property's Development Agreement.

Tier 2 TDM plans annual compliance checks will not be required.

Appendix A

Tier 1 Travel Demand Management Plan Template

Mi	ssion Statement:
Th	e Travel Demand Management Plan (TDMP) for is established to reduce
sin	gle occupant vehicle travel to and from the property also desires to
	duce the demand for motor vehicle parking at its property will use a variety
of	travel demand management strategies to achieve said goals.
Tra	avel Demand Management
Tra	ivel demand management strategies enhance the existing regional transportation infrastructure to
-	ovide more accessible opportunities for employees to use sustainable forms of transportation rather
	an single occupant vehicle trips. Travel demand management includes a mix of strategies, as further scribed in this plan, to encourage transit use, carpooling, bicycling, walking and working off site.
lt i	s expected that the TDMP will contribute positively to the business as a desirable place to work.
	ogram elements are to be designed and administered in a manner that emphasizes commitment to nieving the plan goals.
	ogram Goals
1.	Education and Awareness. Inform and educate all employees at
	about the availability of better options than commuting by single occupant motor vehicle. Inform employees about the resources and incentives available to alternative mode users.
2.	Create a Sustainable Commute Program. Significantly increase the convenience, availability and attractiveness of alternatives to single occupant vehicle commuting and provide for reductions in single occupant vehicle trips through programs that support transit, carpooling, bicycling, walking and working from home.
3.	Community Impact. Mitigate negative impacts of employee generated vehicle trips on the surrounding community, including traffic congestion and parking spillover into adjacent areas and on adjacent community features.
4.	Evaluate performance on an ongoing basis.
TD	MP Analysis
	is section outlines the projected transportation and parking impacts of the site at full development.
	e extent of the traffic analysis is dependent on several factors including size, type, and location of the
de	velopment. All development projects require documentation of the expected traffic impacts of the
	velopment forecast of single occupant vehicle trips generated and the likely timing of those trips.
	cument the size and type of development and the corresponding daily, AM and PM traffic neration.

Objective of TDMP and Goals

The objective of this TDMP is to assist in the reduction of motor vehicle trips by [Company X] employees during peak travel hours. The TDMP, prepared with assistance from [xxxxxxx], identifies actions to be taken by [Property Management Company] and [Company X] (or any future tenants). It includes strategies to manage travel demand and minimize peak period site-generated traffic.

The goal of the [Company X] TDMP is for x percent peak period of daily commuters to the site to use a better option than driving alone – such as bus, carpool, vanpool, bicycle, walking or telecommuting.

TDMP

This section describes several different strategies, implementation measures and anticipated single occupant vehicle trip reduction set forth in the [Company X] TDMP. The implementation of the following actions is the responsibility of the building owner ([Property Owner X], [Company X], or any future tenant of this property. [Company X] will work within the TDMP to increase awareness of the TDMP strategies available to [Company X] employees and to encourage as much participation in these programs as possible.

Evaluation

This section describes the evaluation measures and process used to determine the effectiveness of the strategies used aid progress toward achieving the single occupant vehicle trip reduction goals.

Designate an Employee Transportation Coordinator

The ______ for [Company X] will serve as the Employee Transportation Coordinator (Coordinator). The Coordinator will function as the point of contact to the following agencies, which will provide supporting information and resources for TDMP efforts:

The Coordinator's main responsibility is to serve as the conduit for providing up-to-date commuter program information to all building occupants. Much of the information distributed by the Coordinator will be developed and provided by the agencies listed above.

Implement Communication and Education Strategies

Most of the strategies listed on the following pages can be implemented through use of intra-company communications, facilitated through the Coordinator. Whenever possible, efforts will be made to utilize existing company resources and methods of communication. To maintain an overall awareness of alternative modes of transportation, information will primarily be distributed through email, with occasional posters or fliers posted in prominent locations.

Strategies for Achieving the TDMP Goals

Upon completion of construction of the property, there will be various TDMP elements available to employees including but not limited to the strategies listed below:

General/education

Basic

- A Transportation Coordinator (a single point of contact to coordinate commute programs)
- o Commuter multilingual brochures for employees/tenants
- o Commute Information Dissemination (at the time of hire and in employee benefits summary, messaging to employees about the commute programs and incentives)
- Brown Bag Lunches Construction Projects, vanpooling, overview of commuting options/resources
- o Regular commuting articles in the newsletter
- Promotion and special prizes for commuter campaigns (Commuter Challenge, Bike to Work Week, Carpool to Work Month)
- o Website

Advanced

- o Telework (eligible employees work from home on a predictable basis)
- Compressed work week, staggered hours
- o BBQ or luncheon for people who use modes other than single-occupant motor vehicles
- o Parking cash-out or financial assistance for metro passes
- o Transit app

Carpools and Vanpools

Basic

- Preferential Carpool Parking Spaces for Carpoolers (signed spaces closest to main entrances)
- Promotion the Metro Transit Guaranteed Ride Home Program

Advanced

- o Financial Incentive/Subsidy for Carpoolers or Vanpoolers
- o Participation in the regional Metro Vanpool Program sponsored by Metropolitan Council
- o Carsharing (such as Car2Go, Hour Car, V car, etc.)

Biking

Basic

- Secure bike parking (use Hennepin County Bike guidelines)
- Annual bike to work clinic
- o Onsite bicycle tune up event
- Promote the Metro Transit Guaranteed Ride Home program
- o Map to bicycle facilities and regional trails

Advanced

- Provide shower facilities
- o Bike fleet for employee use
- o Pay not to park
- Loaner bicycles available to check-out for short term use (to bicycle for errands or to food establishments and as a means to reduce the need for a vehicle after arriving at work)

Transit

Basic

- o Provide a transit stop easement for transit stops adjacent to the property
- o Display a transit map or transit route brochures in a prominent location
- o Allow employees to purchase discounted transit passes pre-tax
- o Promote the Guaranteed Ride Home program

Advanced

- Work with Metro Transit to provide a concrete pad, bench and or shelter at the nearby transit stop
- o Pay not to Park
- Offer employees free or pre-tax discounted transit passes (Metropass, Go To Cards) last mile measures, shuttles, etc.

TDMP Annual Status Report

The TDMP Annual Status Report (see Appendix C) shall be included as part of this approved TDMP and shall be completed with expected and targeted year 1 results and information. The annual status report shall be modified per approved TDMP.

Appendix B

Tier 2 Travel Demand Management Plan Template

Mi	ission Statement:
Th	e Travel Demand Management Plan (TDMP) for is established to reduce
sin	gle occupant vehicle travel to and from the property also desires to
	duce the demand for motor vehicle parking at its property will use a variety
of	travel demand management strategies to achieve said goals.
Tra	avel Demand Management
	avel demand management strategies enhance the existing regional transportation infrastructure to
pro	ovide more convenient opportunities for employees to utilize sustainable forms of transportation
	ther than single occupant vehicle trips. Travel demand management includes a mix of strategies, as
	ther described in this plan, to encourage transit use, carpooling, bicycling, walking and working from
ho	me or off site.
lt i	s expected that the TDMP will contribute positively to the business as a desirable place to work.
	ogram elements are to be designed and administered in a manner that emphasizes commitment to hieving the plan goals.
Pro	ogram Goals
1.	
	about the availability of better options than commuting by single occupant motor vehicle. Inform
	employees about the resources and incentives available to alternative mode users.
2.	Create a Sustainable Commute Program. Significantly increase the convenience, availability and attractiveness of alternatives to single occupant vehicle commuting and provide for reductions in single occupant vehicle trips through programs that support transit, carpooling, bicycling, walking and working from home.
3	Community Impact. Mitigate negative impacts of employee generated vehicle trips on the
٠.	surrounding community, including traffic congestion and parking spillover into adjacent areas and
	on adjacent community features.
4.	Evaluate performance on an ongoing basis.
Str	rategies for Achieving the TDMP Goals
	on completion of construction of the property, there will be various TDM elements available to
	nployees including but not limited to the strategies listed below:
Ge	neral/education
-	Basic
	o A transportation coordinator (a single point of contact to coordinate commute
	programs)
	 Commuter multilingual brochures to employees/tenants

- o Commuter information dissemination (at the time of hire and in employee benefits summary, messaging to employees about the commute programs and incentives)
- Brownbag lunches construction projects, vanpooling, overview of commuting options/resources
- o Regular commuting articles in the newsletter
- Promotion and Special Prizes for Commuter Campaigns (examples include Commuter Challenge, Bike to Work Week, Carpool to Work Month)
- Website

Advanced

- Telework (eligible employees allowed to work from home on a predictable basis)
- Compressed work week, staggered hours
- o BBQ or luncheon for people who use alternative modes
- o Parking cash-out
- o Transit app

Carpools and Vanpools

Basic

- o Preferential carpool parking spaces for carpoolers (signed spaces closest to main entrances)
- Promote the Metro Transit Guaranteed Ride Home program

Advanced

- Financial incentive/subsidy for carpoolers or vanpoolers
- o Participation in the regional Metro Vanpool Program sponsored by Metropolitan Council
- Carsharing (such as Car2Go, Hour Car, V car, etc.)

Biking

Basic

- Secure bike parking (use Hennepin County Bike guidelines) Annual bike to work clinic
- o Onsite bicycle tune up event
- o Promote the Metro Transit Guaranteed Ride Home program
- Map to bicycle facilities and regional trails

Advanced

- Provide shower facilities
- o Bike fleet for employee use
- Pay not to park
- Loaner bicycles available to check-out for short term use (to bicycle for errands or to food establishments and as a means to reduce the need for a motor vehicle after arriving at work)

Transit

Basic

- Provide a transit stop easement for transit stops adjacent to the property
- o Display a transit map or transit route brochures in a prominent location
- Allow employee to purchase discounted transit passes pre-tax
- o Promote the Metro Transit Guaranteed Ride Home program

Advanced

- Work with Metro Transit to provide a concrete pad, bench and or shelter at the nearby transit stop
- o Pay not to Park
- o Offer employees free or pre-tax discounted transit passes (Metropass, Go To Cards), last mile measures, shuttles, etc.

TDMP Annual Status Report

A TDMP Annual Status Report is not required with a Tier 2 TDMP.

Appendix C

Travel Demand Management Plant Annual Status Report

The City of Brooklyn Center Travel Demand Management policy requires Tier 1 developments to develop Travel Demand Management Plans (TDMP) and to implement programs that encourage employees to reduce single occupant motor vehicle trips to help relieve traffic congestion, allow parking flexibility and reduce air pollution.

Developers/property owners affected by the policy must submit an annuals status report form each year. The information is used by the City of Brooklyn Center to determine if the developer/property owner has put forth a good faith effort to implement the strategies in their approved TDMP.

Please complete the following report as accurately and completely as you can. Specific instructions are included in sections requiring detailed answers. If you would like to provide more information about your TDM program, attach additional pages. [The following is a template, to be modified to match the TDMP as part of the approved TDMP.]

Worksite Information

Date Submitted	Property ID	
Work Site Name		
Site Address	City, State	Zip
TDM Contact Name	Title	Phone
TDM Contact mailing address	Email Address	Fax
TDM Contact mailing address	Email Address	rdX
Employee Information		
Total number of building	Total occupied square	
employees	feet of building(s)	

Program information & Promotion

Does your work site...

Distribute a summary of your worksite's TDM program to employees?	Yes	No
Provide information about the worksite TDM during new employee orientations or hiring packets?	Yes	No
Provide information via a commuter information center?	Yes	No
Post TDM promotional materials for employees?	Yes	No
Give TDM presentations to managers?	Yes	No
Give TDM presentations to current employees on a regular basis?	Yes	No
Conduct transportation events/fairs and/or participate in city/county/state TDM promotions/campaigns?	Yes	No
Send electronic mail messages about the TDM program?	Yes	No
Publish TDM articles in employee or building newsletters?	Yes	No

			Yes	No
Publish and update an employee TDM website?			Yes	No
What changes to the program information and or promotion, if any ar additional sheets, if necessary)?	e anticipated i	n the next	12 mont	hs (attach
Worksite Characteristics Are any of the following facilities located on site or within 3 blocks of	f this worksite	and acces		employees
Metro Transit bus stop(s)	140	Offsite	VVICI	IIII 3 BIOCK
Shuttle system				
Bikeway (bike lanes or trails)				
Bike parking				
Sidewalk or pedestrian trails				
Worksite Parking Information and Parking Manag	zement			
Parking costs: include items such as leasing costs, security, maintend		iae.		
and goods. Include terms such as reasing costs, seeding, maintend	ee aa s.g	Onsite		Off-site
How many total motor vehicle parking spaces does this worksite have	for amplayes			
use that are controlled by the employer?	ioi employee	#	#	
How many of the total parking spaces identified above are reserved for	ır high	"	, T	
occupancy vehicle (carpool/vanpool) parking?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	#	#	ŧ
	ogram below o			sheets, if
	re anticipated	in the nex	(12 11101	ith:
necessary. What changes to incentives and subsidy programs, in any a Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in				ith:
Briefly explain how you manage and monitor you worksite parking pronecessary. What changes to incentives and subsidy programs, in any a Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation.	ncluding amou	unts spent	and	
necessary. What changes to incentives and subsidy programs, in any a Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in		unts spent	<i>and</i> How mai	
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation.	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT)	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT) Shuttle system Vanpool subsidy	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT) Shuttle system Vanpool subsidy	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT) Shuttle system Vanpool subsidy Carpool subsidy/incentive Walking subsidy/incentive	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in employee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT) Shuttle system Vanpool subsidy Carpool subsidy/incentive Walking subsidy/incentive Bicycling subsidy/incentive	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny
Financial Incentives & Subsidies Attach additional sheets describing in detail an incentive programs in temployee/tenant participation. Transit pass subsidy (Metro Transit Bus, LRT) Shuttle system Vanpool subsidy Carpool subsidy/incentive Walking subsidy/incentive	ncluding amou	ints spent u offer	<i>and</i> How mai	ny

What changes to incentives and subsidy programs, in any are anticipated in the next 12 months:

other incentives

Opportunity for TDM participants to receive cash or prizes, paid leave,

Site Amenities

Check the facilities provided...

	Yes	No	How many offered?
Long Term Bicycling parking (lockers, office garage, etc.)			
Short Term Bicycling parking (rack)			
On-site loading/unloading zones or shelters for non-SOV			
On-site kiosks that display information on TDM			
Commercial nodes within walking distance			

What changes in site facilities, if any are anticipated in the next 12 months:

Work Schedules & Schedule Changes

Does your worksite offer compressed	work week schedules used to support y	our TDM program?
Schedule (days/hours)	Yes	No

Explain:

Flextime and Telework

Does your work site offer flex time (allow employees to vary their start and end times Yes No outside of the peak period, 7 to 9 a.m. & 4 to 6 p.m.?

Does your worksite allow employees to eliminate a commute trip by working at home,

Yes

No

telework center or satellite office?

Explain:

Other Programs

Fleet Vehicle

Does your worksite offer employer provided vehicles?

, , , , ,		
Guaranteed/Emergency ride home	Yes	No
Vanpooling	Yes	No
Carpooling	Yes	No
Work-related business trips	Yes	No
Non-work related errands	Yes	No

Other Services Available at the work site

Are the following services provided?

Employer-provided shuttle or van?	Yes	No
Guaranteed/Emergency ride home program, in addition to the four taxi ride reimbursements	Yes	No

		Voc	No
Employer provided bicycles Internal ride match services		Yes Yes	No No
Flex car or other shared car program		Yes	No
What changes to other programs, if any, are anticipated in the next 12 months?			
Other TDM Activities or Program Elements Please provide a brief summary of you TDM plan, how it is working, how you are monito anything, needs to be done to improve or modify the existing plan to meet the goals set Attach additional sheets, as necessary.	_		
TDMP GOALS Average total number of daily commuters:			
Average total number of daily commuters during am peak (7-9am) and pm peak (4-6pm)	AM		
Average total number of daily commuters during an peak (7-3am) and pm peak (4-opin)	PM		
	PIVI		
	AM		
	PM		
	PM o submi		
I understand that our worksite is required by the City of Brooklyn Center t TDMP Status Report to implement the program it describes. These action	PM submition and tion and	y with of ex	the isting nsure
Worksite Commitment I understand that our worksite is required by the City of Brooklyn Center t TDMP Status Report to implement the program it describes. These action City of Brooklyn Center Travel Demand Management Policy. I am aware that the goals of the program are to promote more efficient ut transportation facilities, reduce traffic congestion and mobile source polluthat worksites are design to maximize the potential for transportation oth	PM submition and tion and tion of a	y with of ex d to en single	the isting nsure