

## #17: CLIMATE

### CORE METRIC FOR REGIONAL INDICATOR CITIES

**Bold, green font indicates metrics that must improve to be recognized at Step 5**

### METRICS

- 17.1 **Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from travel (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e)**
- 17.2 **GHG emissions from waste (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e)**
- 17.3 **GHG emissions from (non-transportation) energy (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e)**
- 17.4 Total citywide GHG emissions (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e)
- 17.5 Total city operations GHG emissions (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e)

### METRIC DEFINITION

- **Use data for the latest calendar year available** from either the Regional Indicators web site – a project of GreenStep Cities – or from city gathered/calculated data. (Metrics 17.1-17.4)
- **GHG emissions are for all private/public emissions (“city-wide”)** within the legal city limits and are calculated and denoted in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent gases (Tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e) using nationally accepted greenhouse gas accounting standards. (Metrics 17.1-17.5)
- **Greenhouse gas emissions from travel** include vehicle travel within city boundaries. The Regional Indicators metric was determined by gathering vehicle miles traveled data compiled annually by the Minnesota Department of Transportation. Greenhouse gas emissions are calculated based on an estimated mix of vehicle types. (Metric 17.1)
- **Counties consistently collect solid waste data** and so the Regional Indicators Initiative assumes city waste management data is comparable to countywide data on a per-capita basis. Greenhouse gas emissions from waste – typically a very small portion of a total city GHG number - are calculated for different management methods. (Metric 17.2)
- **GHG emissions from energy** include non-transportation-related emissions associated with electricity, natural gas, fuel oil, coal, biomass, and district energy used within city boundaries, as collected from energy utilities. GHG emissions from energy used to clean and distribute water and waste water are accounted for under this metric. (Metric 17.3)
- **Total citywide** greenhouse gas emissions include the sum of all sources of emissions. (Metric 17.4)
- **The total city operations GHG number** will be calculated by GreenStep for cities that input data under the CO<sub>2</sub>e GreenStep metrics. (Metric 17.5)

### DATA SOURCES

- **Regional Indicators Initiative:** <https://www.regionalindicatorsmn.com/> (Metrics 17.1-17.4)
- **Cities that have completed their own** greenhouse gas emissions inventory are encouraged to submit their metrics and include an explanation in the justification box. Examples include any cities that have used:
  - ClearPath form ICLEI, using the software platform at <http://icleiusa.org/clearpath/>
  - EPA’s calculator at <https://www.epa.gov/statelocalenergy/local-greenhouse-gas-inventory-tool>
  - A consultant

## Minnesota GreenStep Cities Performance Metrics for Recognition at Steps 4 and 5

- o **GreenStep will calculate a city operations GHG number** for cities that input data under:
  - Metric # 1: electric and natural gas consumption by city buildings, electric consumption by streetlights and signals
  - Metric # 3: gallons of diesel and gasoline and e85 consumed by city fleets/leased vehicles
  - Metric # 10: electricity and natural gas used to treat and distribute drinking water
  - Metric # 11: electricity and natural gas used to treat wastewater
  - Metric # 13: tons of city operations waste landfilled and incinerated
  - Metric # 14: annual production at city-owned renewable energy generation sites

### METRIC RATIONALE

**Greenhouse gas inventories offer a valuable way to view and compare** over time the effectiveness of multiple energy and sustainability best practice actions. Greenhouse gas emissions (and energy) data gauge changes in the use of electricity, natural gas, liquid fuels, solid fuels (wood and coal), and (to a small extent) solid waste management methods.

**The enormity of changes needed** to prevent extreme climate change demand tracking city-wide GHG emissions with a handful of numbers understandable by city leaders. These numbers should be presented periodically to a city council for decisions on continuing actions to cut GHG emissions at the city level, where approximately one-third of U.S. emissions are controllable.

**GHG inventories support planning** for sustainability by defining a baseline, tracking a trajectory, and measuring outcomes of actions taken by a city that are aimed at meeting city energy and climate goals. They can also track progress toward meeting the State's goals regarding energy efficiency and greenhouse gas reduction, as defined by the Next Generation Energy Act of 2007.

**The calculation of an annual city operations GHG number** is as fundamental to the environmental management and health of a city as its annual budget is to its financial management and health. Like an annual community (city-wide) GHG calculation, the data-gathering and calculation process for a city operations GHG metric brings disparate city staff together and has value in interdepartmental data sharing and discussion. Data elements that a city must use for a city operations calculation are now collected under other GreenStep metrics: Buildings, Transportation, Drinking Water, Waste Water, Solid Waste, and Renewable Energy. A separate data visualization web page will grab data reported under these data elements and do the calculations to report one city operations GHG number.

### STEP 5 METRICS

**Individual cities are best equipped to set realistic goals** for metric improvement, and any improvement of this metric is good. That said, the State of Minnesota, as part of the Next Generation Energy Act, set targets for greenhouse gas emission reductions of 30% by 2025 and 80% by 2050, below 2005 levels ([M.S. § 216H.02](#))

### NEED HELP? CONTACT

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